

## B.Sc. Part-III (Honours) Examination, 2021

### Subject: Zoology

### Paper: IX

### (New Pattern)

Full Marks: 50

Time : 2 Hrs

*Candidates are required to give the answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

1. Answer any *four* questions from the following: 5 × 4 = 20

- a) Classify mating systems in animals involving innate and learned behaviours. State significance and give example in each case.
- b) What is Altruism? Briefly describe the management strategies of Rhinos in India. Write a short note on Fixed Action Pattern.
- c) 'Two channel and universal models are more practical than single channel model of energy flow through trophic levels' – justify the statement with proper diagram.
- d) Differentiate between exponential and logistic growth curves of population. Mention the density dependent factors of population growth regulation.
- e) Differentiate between probability and non-probability sampling. Why simple random sampling is considered as one of the best probability sampling technique? Mention the application of the chi-square test in biology.
- f) Elucidate briefly the steps involved in induced breeding of any major carp. Name the major Fowl breeds of India.

2. Answer any *three* questions from the following: 10 × 3 = 30

- a) State the life cycle of *Wuchereria bancrofti* with proper diagram. Mention the control measures of *Culex* mosquito.
  - b) Find the t-test value for the following two sets of heights of the marigold plants (in inches) from two different fields: 7, 2, 9, 8 and 1, 2, 3, 4.
  - c) Differentiate between the cell walls of gram positive and negative eubacteria. Define Phoresis and hyperparasitism with example. Briefly describe the physiological changes that may occur during host parasite interaction.
  - d) Mention the main causes and characteristics of ecological succession. Add brief notes on cyclical succession and seral community.
  - e) Mention the merits and demerits of artificial insemination. Briefly describe bionomics and control measures of the brown plant-hopper, *Nilaparvata* sp.
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